

Mrs. Wilson and Her Three Daughters



MONTANA

Helena, Mont., November 5.—Five districts in Helena, Billings and Great Falls, the three largest cities in Montana, gave Wilson 501, Roosevelt 491, Taft 50, and Smith 4.

NEBRASKA

Omaha, Neb., November 5.—Returns received up to 10:30 p.m. from Omaha and Lincoln and scattering precincts show clear pluralities for Governor Wilson. Should the remainder of the state show the same results the New Jersey Governor will have the Nebraska electoral vote by a safe plurality.

Omaha, Neb., November 5.—The polls in Nebraska closed at 6 o'clock. As there was a six-foot ballot returns were late.

N. HAMPSHIRE

Concord, N. H., November 5.—Taft carried Wilson, the first New Hampshire town to report. The vote was: Roosevelt, 1,000; Wilson, 400; Taft, 50.

NEW JERSEY

Newark, N. J., November 5.—New Jersey has given Wilson a plurality, estimated at 25,000 to 30,000, over Roosevelt. Returns at midnight showed Taft third. His vote was less than half of Wilson's.

The heaviest vote ever cast in the State and a long ballot delayed the count. Only 127 districts of the State's 1,719 had been heard from at midnight. They gave Wilson 5,401; Taft 3,272; Roosevelt 1,312. Ten of the State's representatives to the Congress will be Democrats, two will be Republicans. The Democratic gain three over their present representation. William Hughes, Democratic nominee, likely will succeed Frank O. Briggs as United States Senator.

Neither the next President of the State Senate, who will succeed Wilson as Governor, will be a Democrat, nor will the next President of the State Senate, who will succeed Wilson as Governor, will be a Democrat, nor will the next President of the State Senate, who will succeed Wilson as Governor, will be a Democrat.

NEW YORK

Rome, N. Y., November 5.—The city of Rome gives Wilson 1,500; Taft, 1,232; Roosevelt, 558. The same districts in 1908 gave Bryan, 1,950; Taft, 1,222. For Governor Rome gives: Sulzer, Democrat, 1,615; Hedgcock, Republican, 1,332; Straus, Progressive, 1,051. The same in 1910 gave Dix, Democrat, 1,990; Stimson, Republican, 1,722.

Oyster Bay, November 5.—Colonel Roosevelt carried Oyster Bay, his home town, by a plurality of 322 over Woodrow Wilson, the vote standing Roosevelt, 510; Wilson, 218; Taft, 67.

New York, November 5.—C. A. Driscoll, Democrat, is elected in Forty-second and Charles B. Smith, Democrat, elected in the Forty-first District.

Syracuse, N. Y., November 5.—Syracuse for the first time in the history of the city has given Democratic Wilson carried by more than 1,000 plurality.

Buffalo, N. Y., November 5.—Buffalo city

N. CAROLINA

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.) Raleigh, N. C., November 5.—Beyond the known fact that North Carolina has given big Democratic majorities for the national and State tickets in the general election and has renominated Simmons for the United States Senate over Kitchin and Clark in the senatorial primary, remarkably little detail of results is known here to-night. Results in the senatorial primary have been telegraphed in from counties to the neglect in a remarkable degree of figures as to general election votes, beyond statements that Democratic majorities are well maintained. In the all-absorbing senatorial contest it seems certain that Simmons is renominated by a majority of 15,000 to 20,000. He is claiming it by 25,000 to 30,000. Returns indicate that Simmons has received majorities in all congressional districts except the Fifth and Second, and that he has a small plurality over his opponents in the Second, while in the Fifth Kitchin probably has 1,300 to 1,500 majority.

At Kitchin headquarters to-night the statement is being made that returns are entirely too meagre yet to form any definite conclusion as to the real result. They do not concede the nomination of Simmons. While State Democratic headquarters received almost no untold reports on the State election, there are assurances that Craig gets around 50,000 majority, and that Menard has probably polled a larger vote among Republicans than Settle for Governor. All ten Democratic Congressmen are returned by good majorities, although the vote polled is quite light.

Raleigh, N. C., November 5.—With two small outside precincts to be heard from Raleigh township, including the city, gives Simmons 688; Kitchin, 682; Clark, 68. In Wake County twenty-eight out of thirty-eight precincts give Simmons 1,200; Kitchin, 1,000; Clark, 600.

Spencer, N. C., November 5.—Out of twenty-seven precincts in Rowan County fifteen give Simmons 904 for United States Senate; Simmons, 800; Clark, 80. For sheriff, McKinnie (Dem.), 1,000; Dorris (Rep.), 500.

Raleigh, N. C., November 5.—Thirty-five counties reporting definitely on the senatorial primary give Simmons 15,000 majority over Kitchin and Clark.

OHIO

Columbus, O., November 5.—Chairman Doughty says the State of Ohio is Democratic by a tremendous plurality.

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OKLAHOMA

Oklahoma City, Okla., November 5.—Birds A. McCreary, regular Republican, is re-elected to Congress by increased majority, though the district went for Wilson.

Oklahoma City, November 5.—Wilson-Marshall elected by Oklahoma by a majority estimated at 20,000. Senator Robert L. Owen defeated his Republican opponent, Judge J. B. Dickerson, by a large majority. No Progressive electors were placed on the ballot.

Oklahoma—W. H. Murray (Democrat), Claude Weaver (Dem.), J. B. Thompson (Dem.), elected First District. Byrd McGuire (Rep.), elected.

PENNSYLVANIA

Thirtieth Pennsylvania District—Rothermel (Dem.) is re-elected.

Philadelphia, November 5.—Wilson and Roosevelt are running neck and neck in Pennsylvania. In 146 of 147 election districts in the State outside of Philadelphia Taft had 5,600 votes; Wilson, 52,000; and Roosevelt, 5,200.

RHODE ISLAND

Providence, November 5.—Returns from this State, the first town heard from in this State, give the vote as follows: Taft, 71; Wilson, 7. This town in 1908 gave Taft 135; Bryan, 8.

S. CAROLINA

Columbia, S. C., November 5.—Early returns, mostly from urban districts, indicate that the Democratic electoral ticket has won by the usual majority. The Progressive ticket seems to be second.

Columbia, S. C., November 5.—Woodrow Wilson carried South Carolina by a majority over both his opponents of about 100,000. All Democratic State and county officers and congressional candidates probably

TENNESSEE

Nashville, Tenn., November 5.—Wilson has carried Tennessee by a large plurality, with Roosevelt running second.

Nashville, Tenn., November 5.—Returns are coming in slowly, but show Wilson has carried the State by an overwhelming majority.

TEXAS

Texas—All Democratic congressional nominees in Texas are elected.

Dallas, Tex., November 5.—Returns indicate that Wilson has carried Texas by 170,000. The vote for Taft and Roosevelt is nearly evenly divided.

The Socialist vote probably will reach 10,000, an increase of 50 per cent over 1908.

UTAH

Salt Lake City, November 5.—Scattering returns from 88 of the 87 election districts in Utah indicate that Taft has carried the State by a safe plurality, and that Governor William Spry (Rep.) has been re-elected. The district vote is: Taft, 4,300; Wilson, 5,600; Roosevelt, 2,300.

VERMONT

White River Junction, Vt., November 5.—Returns collected by the Republican State Committee show the result in eleven counties complete, out of fourteen in Vermont, as follows: Roosevelt, 1,700; Taft, 1,200; Wilson, 1,270.

White River Junction, Vt., November 5.—Taft carried Vermont by 51 votes. Complete returns show the following result: Taft, 2,300; Roosevelt, 2,200; Wilson, 15,000.

W. VIRGINIA

Wheeling, W. Va., November 5.—Indications are that West Virginia has passed the amendment to the State Constitution prohibiting manufacture and sale of liquor by a very substantial majority.

Wheeling, W. Va., November 5.—Republican leaders in the State concede that Wilson has carried the State, but they claim that the Republicans have elected Howard

VOTERS APPROVE ALL AMENDMENTS

(Continued From First Page.)

of the submission act regarding city treasurers and commissioners of the revenue will be attacked in the courts. No objection will be made to the amendment referring to forms of city government. This provides that the General Assembly shall have power to grant to cities charters which prescribe forms of government different from those now mandatory—for instance, by a bicameral council. The amendment aimed at is commission government for those cities which desire it and which indicate by the votes of their citizens that they want it.

The amendment regarding city commissioners of the revenue would so change the Constitution that these officials may be elected by the people and be allowed to continue in office indefinitely. At present, they are elected by the people under act of the Legislature, but may not succeed themselves in office. The Constitution provides that if appointed by the courts they may be eligible to reappointment.

At present the Constitution provides that city treasurers may not serve longer than two successive terms, the reason for this limitation being a desire to have these officials settle with the public occasionally, when they go out of office.

These two amendments were voted on at the election in November, 1910, and defeated at the polls. In order that city treasurers and commissioners now in office might be enabled to become candidates for re-election next year, the last Legislature re-submitted the amendments. The appeal to the courts will be made on the ground that the amendments were not ratified by two successive Legislatures.

In most of the cities and larger towns, Richmond being a notable instance, the advocates of the amendments regarding city officials working hard all day for ratification. In addition, the party machinery was used in some places, the claim being made that the amendments were Democratic party measures. At some precincts—for instance, Second Jefferson in Richmond—officers of election handed out guide ballots along with official tickets, showing the voter how to cast his ballot for the amendments.

WISCONSIN

Milwaukee, Wis., November 5.—Complete returns from Milwaukee County and scattered precincts throughout the State indicate that Wilson swept Wisconsin by from 30,000 to 30,000 votes. The Democratic candidate carried Milwaukee County over Taft by close to 10,000, and meagre early returns from up-State showed that Wilson was running even in strong Republican districts. Roosevelt was running behind Taft.

Early reports indicate a close race between Karel, Democrat, and McGovern, Republican, for the governorship. Wisconsin—Seventh District, John J. Bach (Rep.), elected.

MUCH EXULTATION AT HEADQUARTERS

(Continued From First Page.)

with a party of friends around a brilliantly illuminated dinner table when the election returns began to come in, earlier than was anticipated.

The first results the Governor got

CITY CASTS MORE THAN NORMAL VOTE

(Continued From First Page.)

permit city treasurers and commissioners of the revenue to succeed themselves. Two of the city's wards made no report last night on constitutional amendments. The amendments, with the regular ballot, made the count slow, and the returns from the City of New York were not until long after midnight.

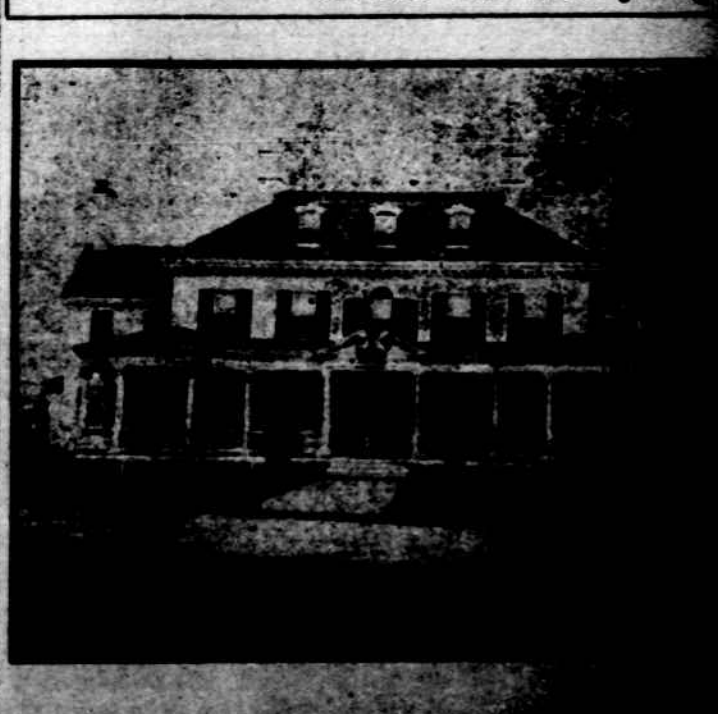
The five men elected to the Administrative Board, who were the nominees of the Democratic primary of November 10, and who had no opponent yesterday, are as follows: M. C. Robert Whittey, Jr., Carlton M. Henry P. Beck and John H. H. H.

La Rochelle, France, November 5.—Eighteen people were drowned by the sinking of the Spanish ship *Arzobispo* from San Juan, after a collision with the Norwegian steamer *off the island of Aiz*, on the coast.

Popular and Electoral Vote for President in 1908

State	Popular	Electoral	State	Popular	Electoral
Alabama	74,574	25,305	15	10,000	3
Arkansas	87,618	24,700	9	10,000	3
California	137,493	214,300	12	10,000	3
Colorado	128,666	128,700	5	10,000	3
Connecticut	60,325	112,915	11	10,000	3
Delaware	23,971	25,254	3	10,000	3
Florida	81,304	10,494	5	10,000	3
Georgia	78,418	41,608	12	10,000	3
Idaho	36,142	32,621	3	10,000	3
Illinois	434,730	623,000	21	10,000	3
Indiana	323,223	245,300	11	10,000	3
Iowa	300,771	275,100	12	10,000	3
Kansas	161,300	197,210	11	10,000	3
Kentucky	264,000	205,711	12	10,000	3
Louisiana	155,000	5,000	9	10,000	3
Maine	115,000	110,000	6	10,000	3
Maryland	105,000	205,000	10	10,000	3
Massachusetts	175,771	205,000	11	10,000	3
Michigan	300,000	100,000	12	10,000	3
Minnesota	264,000	267,200	12	10,000	3
Mississippi	100,000	10,000	7	10,000	3
Missouri	264,000	10,000	12	10,000	3
Montana	11,512	10,000	3	10,000	3
Nebraska	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
Nevada	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
New Hampshire	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
New Jersey	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
New Mexico	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
New York	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
North Carolina	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
North Dakota	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
Ohio	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
Oklahoma	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
Oregon	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
Pennsylvania	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
Rhode Island	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
South Carolina	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
South Dakota	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
Tennessee	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
Texas	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
Utah	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
Vermont	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
Virginia	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
Washington	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
West Virginia	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
Wisconsin	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
Wyoming	100,000	10,000	3	10,000	3
Total	4,000,000	7,000,000	538	10,000	3
Popular vote, Taft over Bryan	1,000,000	1,000,000	100	10,000	3
Popular vote, Wilson over all	1,000,000	1,000,000	100	10,000	3
Electoral vote, Taft over Bryan	1,000,000	1,000,000	100	10,000	3

Woodrow Wilson's Summer Home at Sea Girl New Jersey



Electoral Vote for 1912, Based Upon New Apportionment

State	Electoral	State	Electoral
Alabama	12	North Carolina	12
Arizona	5	North Dakota	3
Arkansas	12	Ohio	20
California	21	Oklahoma	5
Colorado	12	Oregon	5
Connecticut	12	Pennsylvania	20
Delaware	3	Rhode Island	4
Florida	12	South Carolina	12
Georgia	12	South Dakota	3
Idaho	4	Tennessee	12
Illinois	21	Texas	12
Indiana	12	Utah	4
Iowa	12	Vermont	3
Kansas	12	Virginia	12
Kentucky	12	Washington	12
Louisiana	12	West Virginia	12
Maine	4	Wisconsin	12
Maryland	12	Wyoming	5
Massachusetts	12		
Michigan	12		
Minnesota	12		
Mississippi	12		
Missouri	12		
Montana	5		
Nebraska	12		
Nevada	3		
New Hampshire	4		
New Jersey	12		
New Mexico	5		
New York	33		
North Carolina	12		
North Dakota	3		
Ohio	20		
Oklahoma	5		
Oregon	5		
Pennsylvania	20		
Rhode Island	4		
South Carolina	12		
South Dakota	3		
Tennessee	12		
Texas	12		
Utah	4		
Vermont	3		
Virginia	12		
Washington	12		
West Virginia	12		
Wisconsin	12		
Wyoming	5		
Total	538		

Necessary to elect—290 electors.

Woodrow Wilson's Birthplace



MAKE-UP OF THE UNITED STATES SENATE

Total membership of the present Senate, 96; necessary for a majority, 48. Present membership: Republicans, 50; Democrats, 46. Vacancies, 3 (Utah, Idaho and Colorado).	Kansas—W. R. Stubbs (Republican) renominated; William H. Thompson (Democrat), nominated.
Term of Senators in thirty-two States expires on March 3 next.	Massachusetts—Crawford (Republican), re-elected; Legislature will elect successor.
Of the thirty-two, thirteen seats are at present held by Democrats, and some of the incumbents have been renominated, elected or re-elected, viz:	Michigan—Smith (Republican), renominated; Alfred Locking (Democrat), nominated; Theodore M. Joslin (Progressive), nominated.
Alabama—Barnard (Democrat), re-elected.	Minnesota—Nelson (Republican), renominated; Daniel W. Lovley (Democrat), nominated.
Arkansas—Davis (Democrat), renominated.	Montana—Olson (Progressive), renominated; E. C. Smith (Republican), nominated; Thomas J. Walsh (Democrat), nominated.
Georgia—Hansen (Democrat), renominated.	Nebraska—Morris (Republican), renominated; Ashton C. Shalickberger (Democrat), nominated.
Kentucky—Ollie James (Democrat), elected; succeeds Frazier (Democrat).	New Hampshire—Buraham (Republican), re-elected; Legislature will choose successor.
Louisiana—Joseph E. Ransdell (Democrat), elected; succeeds Foster (Democrat).	New Jersey—Briggs (Republican), renominated; William Hughes (Democrat), nominated.
Maine—Legislature, which is Republican, will elect successor to Gardner (Democrat).	New Mexico—Fall (Republican), re-elected.
Massachusetts—E. W. Vandeman (Democrat), elected; succeeds Ferry (Democrat).	Oregon—Buraham (Republican), renominated as incumbent; Ben Selling (Republican), nominated; Harry Lane (Democrat), nominated; A. E. Clark (Progressive), nominated.
North Carolina—Senatorial primary November 5. Othello Owen (Democrat), renominated; J. T. Stithman (Republican), nominee.	Rhode Island—Walker (Republican), re-elected; Legislature will choose successor.
South Carolina—Tillman (Democrat), renominated.	South Dakota—Thorne Sterling (Republican), nominated; R. F. Pettigrew (Democrat), nominee.
Texas—Morris Sheppard (Democrat), nominated, to succeed Bailey (Democrat).	Tennessee—Legislature will elect two Senators, (1) to fill term March 3 to fill out unexpired term of Robert L. Taylor, deceased, which has been filled by Sanders (Republican) by appointment, and (2) for the six-year term beginning March 4.
Virginia—Morris (Democrat), re-elected.	Washington—Warner (Republican), renominated; John B. Kendrick (Democrat), nominee.
West Virginia	
The thirteen seats now held by Republicans, included in the list of thirty-two to be elected, are:	
Colorado—Clyde C. Harnum (Republican), nominated for full term, to succeed Cunningham (Republican); C. W. Waterman (Republican), nominated to fill vacant seat of Hughes (Democrat), expiring 1915; Frank B. Coffin (Democrat), nominated for full term; Isaac S. Stevens (Democrat), nominated to fill vacancy.	
Idaho—Legislature (Republican), re-elected; Legislature will choose successor.	
Idaho—Smith (Republican), renominated; vacancy, Republican (Republican), renominated.	
Idaho—V. V. Sherman (Republican), nominee for full term; J. Hamilton Lewis (Democrat), nominee for full term; J. Hamilton Lewis (Democrat), nominee for full term; J. Hamilton Lewis (Democrat), nominee for full term.	
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